

Comb-Filter Free Audio Mixing Using STFT Magnitude Spectra And Phase Estimation

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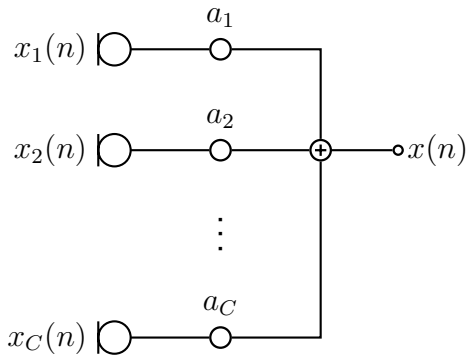


Overview

- Audio Mixing and the Comb Filter Effect
- STFT Magnitude Mixing
- Phase Estimation
- Evaluation

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Audio Mixing

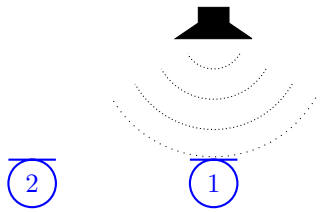


Audio mixing

output = linear combination of input

$$x(n) = \sum_{c=1}^C a_c x_c(n)$$

Comb Filter Distortions

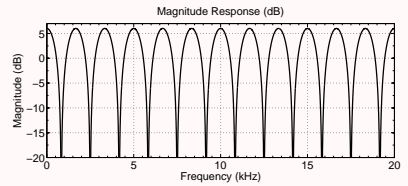


- scenario: one source recorded with multiple mics
- delays between mics (wave propagation)
- mix = original + delayed version

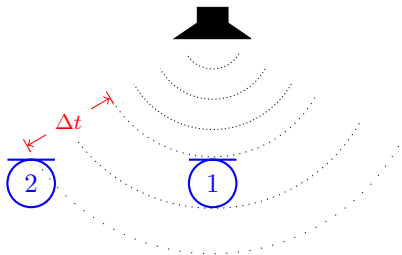
Listening example

- original 🎵
- comb filter (1 ms delay) 🎵

Magnitude response vs frequency



Comb Filter Distortions

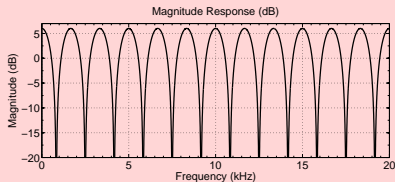


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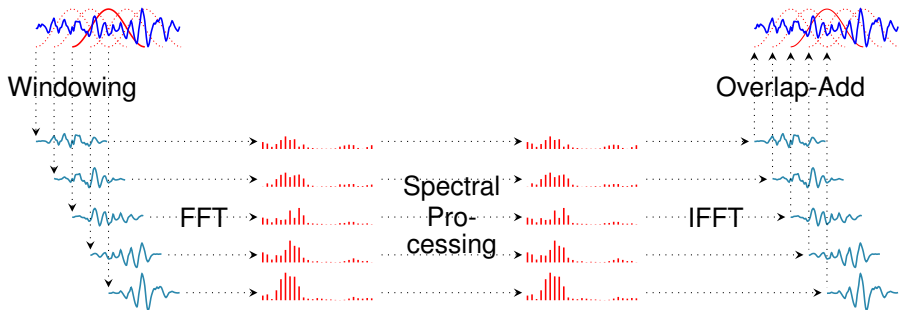
Magnitude response vs frequency



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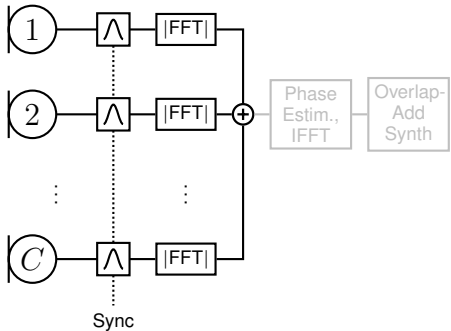
Review of STFT Processing



FFT coefficients are complex

- $C = |C| \cdot e^{j\varphi}$ with $|C|$ = magnitude, φ = phase
- reconstruction requires magnitude **and** phase information

STFT Magnitude Spectrum Mixing



Advantage

- magnitude-only mixing \Rightarrow
- no phase cancellations \Rightarrow
- no comb filter effect

Disadvantage

- magnitude-only mixing \Rightarrow
- phase information missing

Listening example

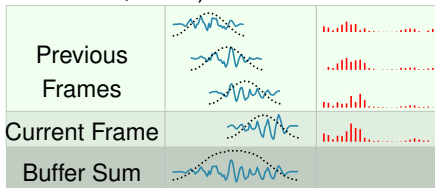
overlap-add on magnitude-only spectrum IFFT: 🎵

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Review: Phase Estimation with RTISI

RTISI = Real-Time Iterative Spectrogram Inversion (Zhu, Beauregard, Wyse, IEEE ASLP, 2007)



- consecutive frames stored in consecutive rows
- row content:
 - recent estimation of time domain signal
 - STFT magnitude spectrum (given by mixer)

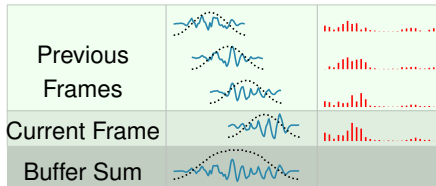
Characterization of algorithm

- estimation of the **last** buffer row (time domain).
- iterative combination of
 - the magnitude stored in the row
 - the phase from the buffer sum FFT
- result IFFT is windowed and written back

Improvement

look-ahead extension

Window Sum Compensation



Window sum error

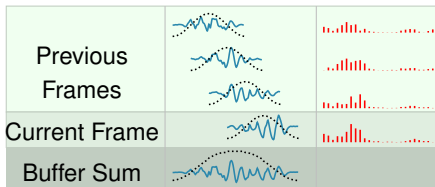
- buffer sum implicitly windowed with window sum (dotted line)
- mismatch analysis window
- FFT does not match given spectrograms even with correct signal



Compensation

- applying the window sum inverse to the buffer sum
- re-windowing the buffer sum with the Hamming window

RTISI Initialization for Mixing



Initialization

- iterative algorithm → approaching a local minimum
- result depending on the initial buffer values
- good initialization heuristic:
time domain mix

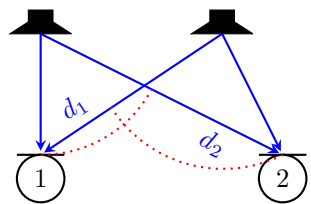
Comb-Filter effect removal

comb filter effects are removed **automatically** (combination with the comb-filter-free magnitude spectrum).

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Listening Examples



Recording simulation

- two instruments, two microphones
- delay differences d_1, d_2 between long and short distances

Listening examples

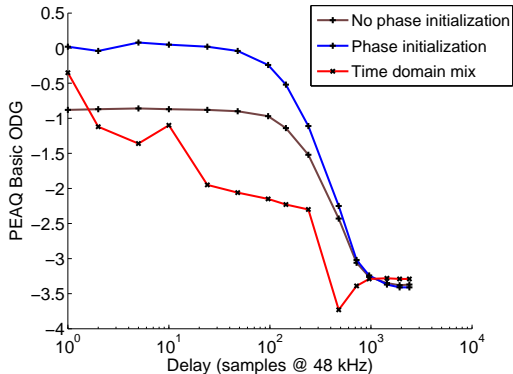
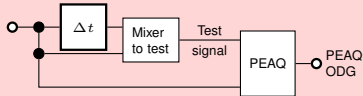
- Sources:
 - english horn
 - glockenspiel
- Delays:
 - d_1 (english horn) = 1 ms
 - d_2 (glockenspiel) = 0.3 ms
- reference = delay-free time-domain mix 🎵
- time-domain mix with delays 🎵
- rtisi mix with delays 🎵

Evaluation with PEAQ

Source

- only single source
- german hip hop music, 15 s
- mono

Setup



Thank you for your attention!